# School Fees -2021 Fall Training

• September 24, 2021

**Tamra Dayley** Audit Director School Fees Project **Charity Goodfellow** Auditor School Fees Project **Barbie Faust** Auditor School Fees Project



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

# <u>Agenda</u>

- School Fees Performance Metrics July 1, 2021 submission
- SY2021-2022 Certificate of Compliance Reporting
- Fee Schedules
- Textbooks
- School Fee Funding Uses
- Monitoring
- Q&A Session

(Please interrupt with questions or ask in the chat)



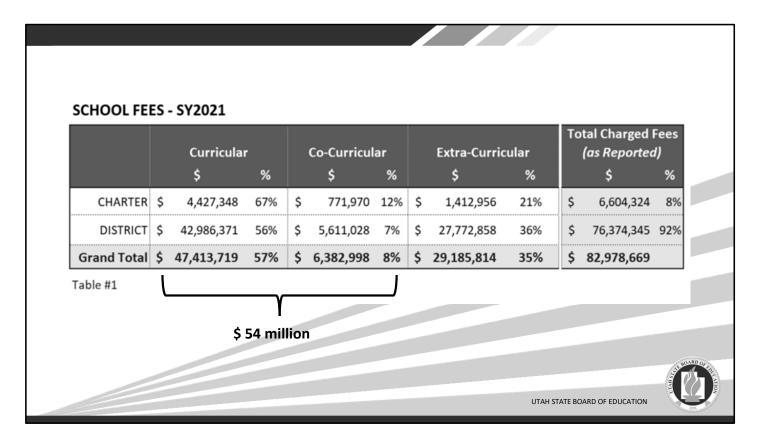


## SY 2021 School Fees

- For SY 2021, LEAs charged \$83 million
  - Growth of \$4.4 million or 5.6%
  - 39 LEAs or 25% reported not charging school fees
- Of the 117 LEAs that charged school fees
  - 110 charged curricular fees
  - 70 charged co-curricular fees
  - 94 charged extracurricular fees



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION



The total Curricular and Co-Curricular equal \$54 million or 65% of the total charged fees.

This is the number given to Lexi Cunningham, Utah School Superintendent Association and the Utah School Board Association, for the Legislative Business Case to ask legislatures to fund curricular and co-curricular school fees.

Lexi Cunningham
Executive Director, USSA
Associate Executive Director, USBA

#### **SCHOOL FEE WAIVERS - SY2021**

	(	Curricular	Со	-Curricular	Ex	tra-Curricular	То	tal Waived
CHARTER	\$	618,975	\$	42,963	\$	125,424	\$	785,559
Waivers % of Fees		14%		6%		9%		12%
DISTRICT	\$	4,257,159	\$	223,921	\$	972,806	\$	5,413,245
Waivers % of Fees		10%		4%		4%		7%
Grand Total	\$	4,876,134	\$	266,884	\$	1,098,230	\$	6,198,804
Waivers % of Fees		10%	)	4%		4%		7%
Table #2								

UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION



We want to emphasis here that R277-407 is about setting boundaries around school fees and the <u>musts</u> or regulations for school fee waivers. In the next slide we compare the average fees charged and fee waivers granted to the prior school year.

Overall waivers in SY2020 were \$6.9 million or 9% compared to the SY2021 of \$6.2 million or 7% of fees charged.

#### STUDENTS GRANTED FEE WAIVERS AND AVERAGE FEE WAIVER AMOUNTS - SY2021

	School Year 2021	School Year 2020	Change	% Change
Estimate # Secondary Students Eligible	74,862	81,834	(6,972)	-8.5%
Count of Fee WaiverS Granted	36,975	50,823	(13,848)	-27.2%
% Participating in Fee Waivers	49%	62%	-13%	
Average Fees Charged Per Student	\$ 263	\$ 258	\$ 5	1.9%
Average Fee Waived Per Student	\$ 168	\$ 137	\$ 31	22.6%
Average Fee Waived vs Charged	64%	53%	11%	

Table #3

"If you cannot measure it, you cannot improve it."

-Lord Kelvin



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

There is a saying "If you cannot measure it, you cannot improve it."

The School Fee Performance reports look at estimated student participation in fee waivers so that they can be improved. The "estimated" student eligible count is the count of economically disadvantage students for each LEA. This is not a one-to-one match of fee eligible students but it is the closest metric we have to measure, to see if we are improving. This chart shows that for SY2021, 49% of eligible students received waivers.

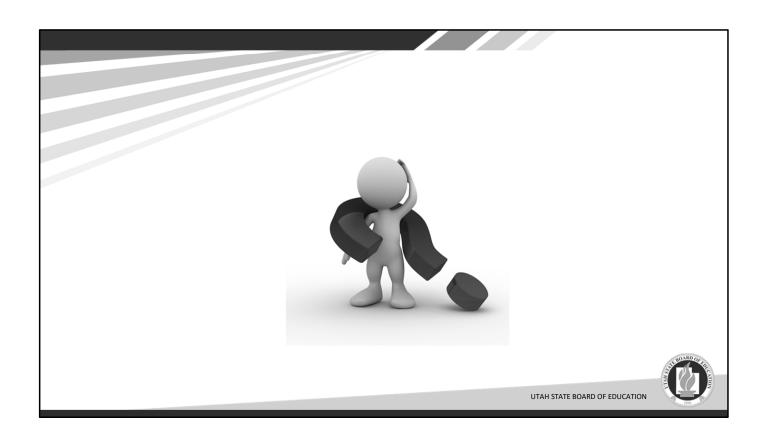
From the previous slide, the \$6.2 million in fee waivers is a drop from 9% in 2020 to 7% in 2021 when comparing the number of fee waivers granted to charged fees.

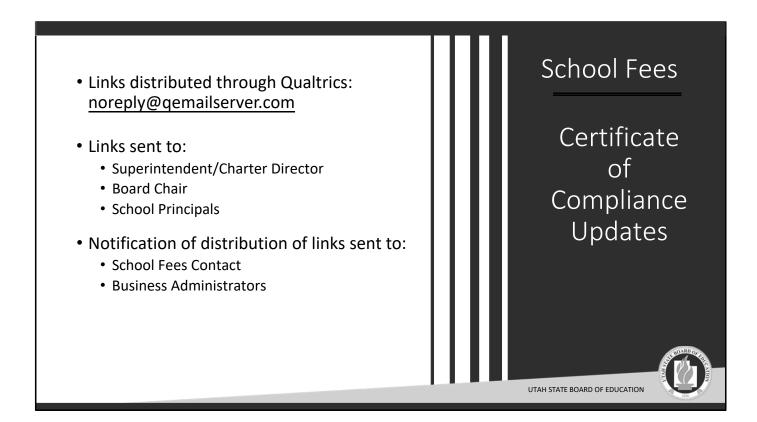
We have heard, anecdotally, this is due to fees just not being collected rather than waived. The drop in students receiving waivers may be an anomaly of the pandemic. We will continue to look forward to future data to measure improvements.

Estimated # of Students eligible for Fee Waivers	State	Charter	District
(a) K-12 Count Fall Enrollment	649,562	64,159	585,403
(b) Economically Disadvantaged Students all grades  Fall Enrollment	156,210	13,982	142,228
(c) Economically Disadvantaged % all grades  (b) divided by (a)	24%	22%	24%
(d) Secondary Student Enrollment  Fall Enrollment Demographics by Grade	311,923	26,628	285,295
(e) Estimated Secondary Students Eligible for Fee Waivers (d) multiplied by (c)	74,862	5,858	68,471
(f) Students Granted Waivers  Certificate of Compliance Statistical Data	36,975	3,809	33,166
(i) Secondary Students on Fee Waivers (f) divided by (d)	12%	14%	12%
(h) Estimated Eligible Students NOT Participating in Waivers (e) minus (f)	37,887	2,049	35,305
(j) Estimated Eligible Students NOT on Fee Waivers (h) divided by (e)	51%	35%	52%

F:\School Fees\III - SCHOOL FEE TEAM PROJECT FILES\Z - REPORTS PUBLISHED\State Performance Matrix

Permanent Injunction page 27 (II.C.4) "If the programs which are at risk from fee waiver compliance requirements are of value, they are of value for all, not simply fort those whose families have higher incomes"





Please let IT departments know of the link through Qualtrics so that all emails that are distributed by Qualtrics will be allowed through.

The links will be distributed on Oct. 1, 2021 to Superintendents and Charter Directors, LEA Board Chairs, and all School Principals.

A notification will also be sent to the designated School Fees Contacts and Business Adminstrators.

# Certificate of Compliance Updates - continued:

- Questions consolidated and revised based on compliance risk.
  - 15 questions or less:
    - Verification Name and LEA/School is correct
    - Code & Rule Assurance
    - Attestation of Charging fees or not
    - Board Approval (1)
    - Fee Schedule (3)
    - Fee Waivers (2)
    - Fundraising & Donations (2)
    - Training (1)
    - Elementary (1)

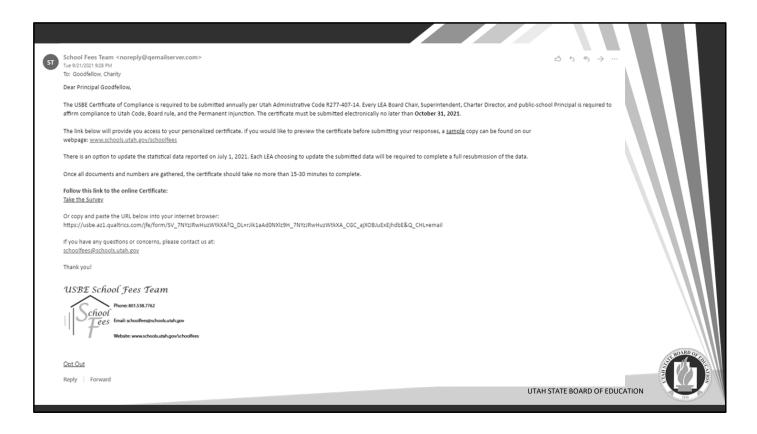


UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION



The Certificate of Compliance questions were reviewed for risk. We took into consideration what is being looked at in our new Metrics & Risk ratings sent in March to each LEA. In addition, there have been changes to the CPA Financial Audits (State Compliance Guide) where LEAs will be providing documents to their CPA's.

We have therefore condensed and shorten the number of questions asked on the Certificate of Compliance. For those that charge school fees, there will be about 15 questions. The Certificate should take no more than 10-30 minutes to complete.



This is a sample screenshot of the email that will be sent out with the link.



This is a sample of the Certificate of Compliance and what will be seen when you click on the link. There is also a sample of the Certificate posted on our webpage: www.schools.utah.gov/schoolfees

# **Statistical Report Updates**

- Superintendents & Charter Directors:
  - Utah Code 53G-7-503(5) required that the Statistical Data for the 2020-2021 school year be submitted July 1, 2021. Do you have any updates to the Statistical Data submitted on the July 1st report? (If you select yes, you must provide a full resubmission of all the required data.)
  - Additional Required Documents:
    - Fee Schedule
    - Fee Policy
    - · Fee Waiver Policy
  - Name files using LEA name, year, and document type (i.e.; LEAName 2022FeeSchedule)



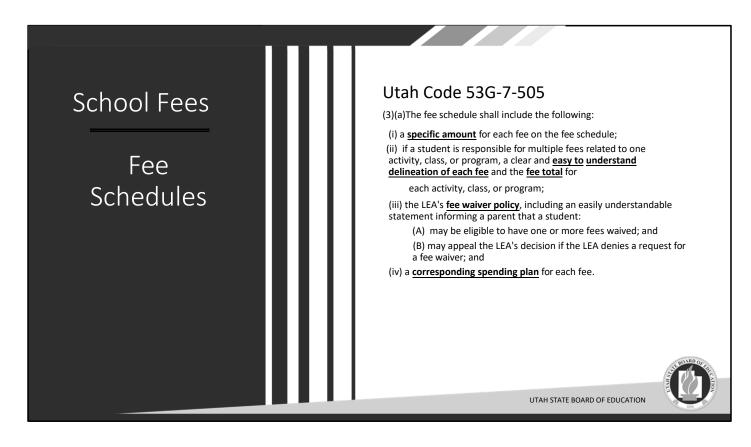
UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Changes to the Statistical Report may be submitted if there is a material significance. This information may be used for LEA purposes, CPA audits.

No. Name	Statistical Report Data Definitions	Code or Rule	
A Count of Fees on FS	Count of the # of individual fees on the fee schedule	R277-407-14(6)	
B Fee Max per Student	A per student annual maximum fee amount that the LEA's schools may charge a student for the student's participation in all courses, programs, and activities provided, sponsored, or supported by a school for the year.	R277-407-6(4)(a)	
C # Students	# of Students "charged" a school fee. A student is counted only once. Includes students on fee waivers.		
D Charged Grand Total	Total \$ amount of ALL fees charged/assessed to All students. For ALL categories; general, curricular, co-curricular and extra-curricular fees.(D=E+F+G+H) The charged amount includes paid, walved, credit for work in lieu, and fees charged but not paid.	, R277-407-14(7)	
E Charged General	Total \$ amount charged/assessed to all students for General Fees		
F Charged Curricular	Total \$ amount charged/assessed to all students for Curricular Fees		
G Charged Co-Curricular	Total \$ amount charged/assessed to all students for Co-Curricular Fees		
H Charged Extra-Curricular	Total \$ amount charged/assessed to all students for Extra-Curricular Fees		
Money Received Grand Total     Money Received General	Total \$ amount of money received for school fees for all categories (I=J+K+L+M)  Total \$ amount of money received for school fees for General Fees		
K Money Received Curricular	Total \$ amount of money received for school fees for Curricular Fees	53G-7-503(5)(a)(ii)(B)	
L Money Received Co-Curricular	Total \$ amount of money received for school fees for Co-Curricular Fees	53G-7-503(5)(a)(ii)(B)	
M Money Received Extra-Curricular	Total \$ amount of money received for school fees for Extra-Curricular Fees	53G-7-503(5)(a)(ii)(B)	
N # Students Fee Waivers	# of Students granted a fee waiver and students who work in-lieu	R277-407-14(1)(a)	
O Waived Grand Total	Total \$ amount of money waived for school fees for all categories. Include amounts credited for work in-lieu (O=P+Q+R+S)	R277-407-14(1)(d)	
P Waived General	Total \$ amount of money waived for school fees for General Fees. Include amounts credited for work in-lieu		
Q Waived Curricular	Total \$ amount of money waived for school fees for Curricular Fees. Include amounts credited for work in-lieu	53G-7-503(5)(a)(iii)(B)	
R Waived Co-Curricular	Total \$ amount of money waived for school fees for Co-Curricular Fees. Include amounts credited for work in-lieu	ı 53G-7-503(5)(a)(iii)(B)	
S Waived Extra-Curricular	Total \$ amount of money waived for school fees for Extra-Curricular Fees. Include amounts credited for work in- lieu	53G-7-503(5)(a)(iii)(B)	
T # Students Worked In-Lieu	# of students worked in lieu of fee waiver. This amount is a sub-set of the # of Students granted Fee Waivers not in addition to.	R277-407-14(1)(b)	
U Amount Credited in Lieu	Total \$ amount credited for work in lieu provision, all categories. This amount is a sub-set of the Waiver Grand Total amount not in addition to.		
V # Students Denied Waivers	# of students who were denied a fee waiver	R277-407-14(1)(c)	

This is a copy of the Data Definitions of the Statistical Report that are found on our website: www.schools.utah.gov/schoolfees





53G-7-505 states what shall be included in a fee schedule.

- 1. Specific amount for each fee
- 2. Multiple fees related to one activity must have an easy to understand representation of the fees, including the fee total for the activity.
- 3. Fee Waiver policy and
- 4. Spend plan for each fee

Also keep in mind that R277-407-6 states that an LEA, school, or school employee may not charge a fee or requires or require something of monetary value unless the fee has been

Set and approved by the LEA board = < maximum amount set by the board Included on approved fee schedule

R277-407-6 (2)(a) requires that the Fee Schedule be approved annually on or before April 1.

An LEA may amend a fee schedule but must follow the same approval process.

## Maximum Fee Amount per Activity

Soccer	\$305	Required Group Fundraiser\$250
		Out of Pocket Maximum\$55
Participation Fee	\$35	
Salaries, Officials, Trophy/	Recognition	<b>▲</b> ∧
Uniform	\$40	
Shirt, Shorts, Socks		GLEDE TORM AND
Safety Equipment	\$30	
Shin Guards		
Shoes	\$50	
Soccer Cleats		
Travel	\$150	
Transportation, Meals		

Multiple fees related to one activity. <u>Clear and easy to understand</u> delineation of each fee and the total for each activity, class or program.



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

The fee schedule is required to have the maximum amount per student per activity. Again multiple fees related to one activity must be clearly stated.

R277-407-6(4)(d) requires an LEA to include the total per student amount expected to be received through required group fundraising as part of the maximum fee amount for an activity.

R277-407-6(4)(c) states: "The amount of revenue raised by a student through an individual fundraiser shall be included as part of the maximum fee amount per student for the activity and maximum total aggregate fee amount per student.

The key concept is Clear and Easy to Understand, we can't stress this enough.

# Easily understandable statement to inform parents that...

- A student may be eligible to have one or more fees waived.
- · May appeal the LEA's decision if the LEA denies a request for a fee waiver



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

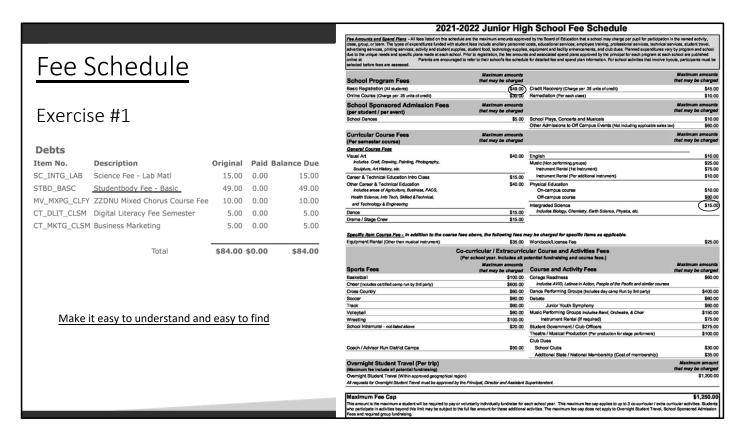
53G-7-503 also requires that the fee schedule includes an easily understandable statement to inform parents that

- 1. A Student may be eligible for fee waivers..
- 2. If the student is denied a fee waiver that they have the right to appeal.

We suggest providing a statement of where to obtain further INFORMATION such as a website or a contact.

# Fee Schedule Examples UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

At the beginning of the school year, we receive several calls from parents concerning their students' fees. We have a couple of examples of the concerns we are receiving.



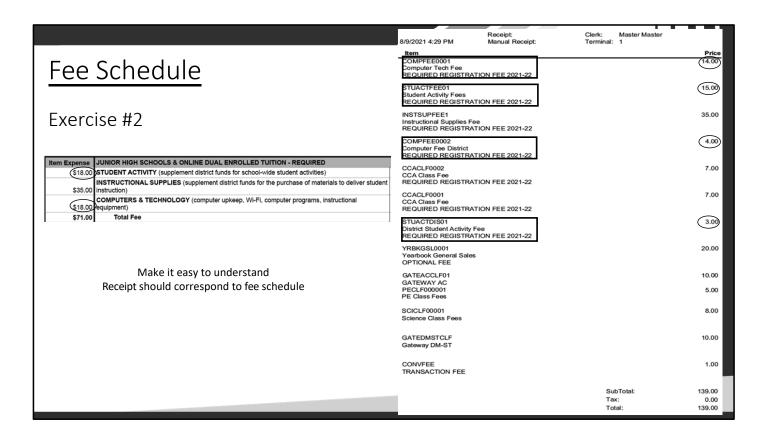
Science Fee − Lab Matl ≠ Integraded Science Studentbody Fee - Basic ≠ Basic Registration

Mixed Chorus, Digital Literacy, Business Marketing; can't find on the fee schedule

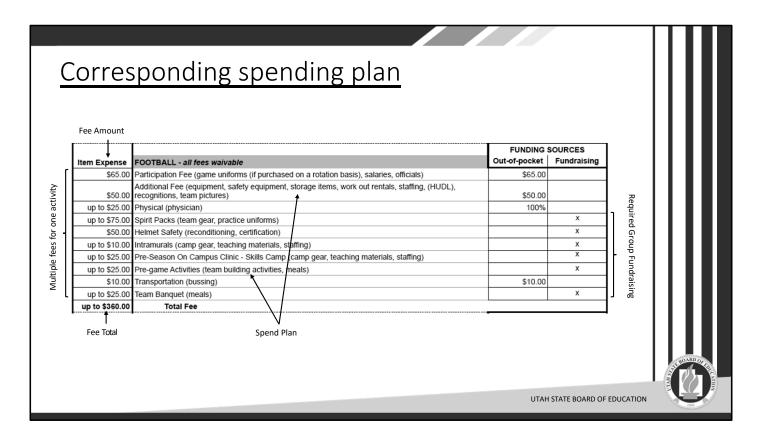
All fees must be easy to find on the fee schedule but also, it must be easy to find the fee schedule on the schools and LEA's website.

The Fee Schedule must be publicly available, which means that a student login isn't required to access the fee schedule.

We've had issues finding fee schedules, we know what to look for and where to look so if we are having issues then we can only imagine the frustration of parents.



The parent was concerned that the district was charging a fee. The spend plan states that the Student Activity Fee would supplement district funds. The invoice or receipt should match the fee schedule.

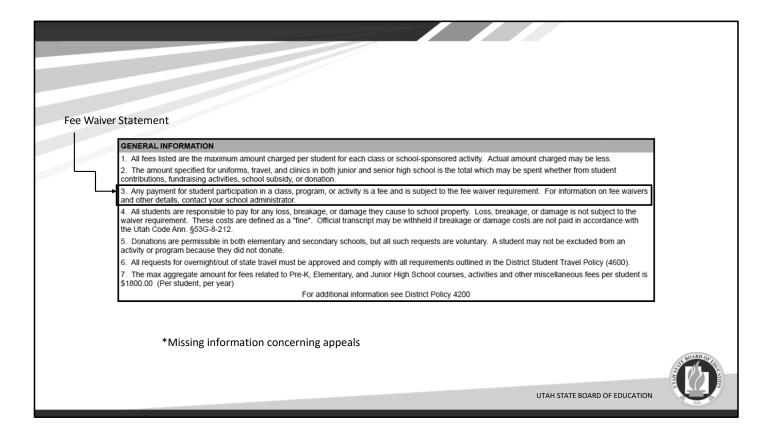


This is an excerpt from a fee schedule. You can see that they have listed the activity (Football), multiple fees (participation, spirit pack, team banquet), each fee also has the spend plan-list of anticipated expenditures. And the fee total (up to \$360).

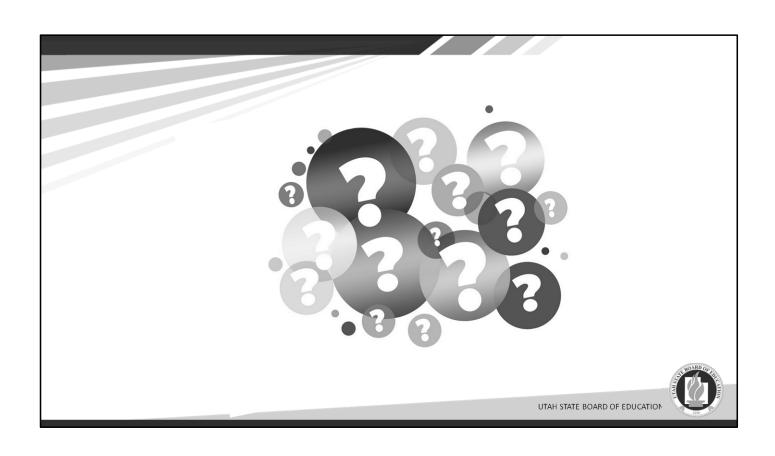
They've also included the funding sources: parent out-of-pocket and the items expected to be covered by required group fundraising. The parent can see that the fee for football would be \$150 (\$65 participation, \$50 additional fee, \$25 physical, \$10 transportation) plus the requirement to participate in the group fundraiser.

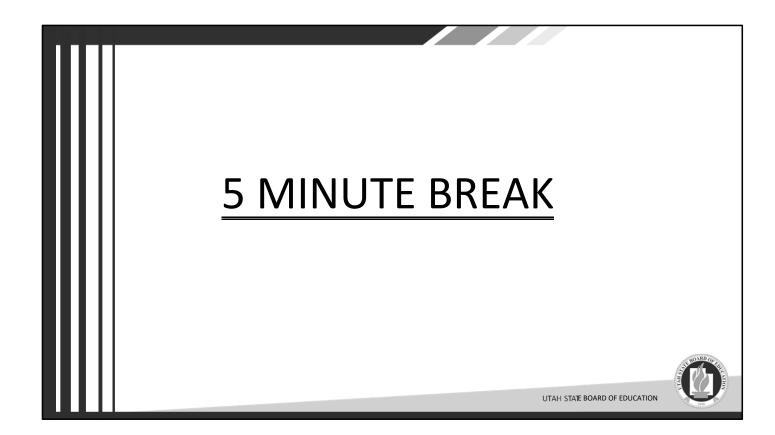
The Fee Schedule also states that all fees are waivable.

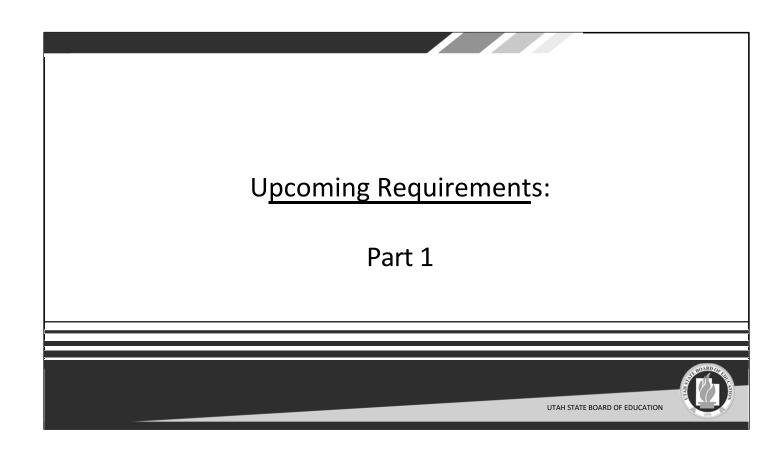
The goal is full transparency.

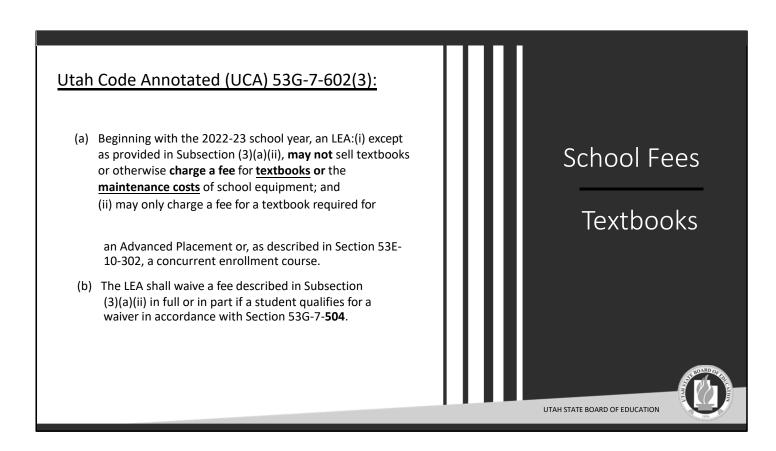


This same LEA had a general information section that has the fee waiver statement. However, it is missing information concerning the appeal process should the student be denied a fee waiver.









R277-407-12 Fees for Textbooks and Remediation. (1) Beginning with the 2022-23 school year, an LEA may not charge a fee for a textbook as provided in Section 53G-7-603, except for a textbook used for a concurrent enrollment or advanced placement course as described in Subsection (2).

- (2)(a) An LEA **may charge** a fee for a textbook used for a concurrent enrollment or advanced placement.
- (b) A fee for a textbook used for a concurrent enrollment or advanced placement course **is fee waivable** as described in Section R277-407-8.

# UCA 53G-7-601(5):



- (a) "Textbook" means **instructional material** necessary for participation in an activity, course, or program, regardless of the format of the material.
- (b) "Textbook" includes:
  - (i) a hardcopy book or printed pages of instructional material, including a consumable workbook; or
  - (ii) computer hardware, software, or digital content.
- (c) "Textbook" **does not include** instructional equipment or instructional supplies.



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

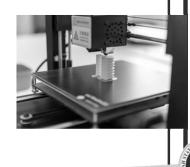
R277-407-2 (24) Textbook same definitions

### Textbooks - continued

#### CANNOT CHARGE SCHOOL FEES

- Is it Instructional material? goods and services being purchased for the individual student.
  - Textbook cannot charge a fee. Consumable or durable does not matter.
- School Equipment durable item that belongs to the school.
  - Maintenance cost





UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

School Equipment is not purchased for the individual student – cannot charge a fee. Nor can you charge fees for maintenance of school equipment per definition of section 602.

#### Textbooks - continued

- Can CHARGE School Fees & Fee Waiver\*
  - *Instructional Equipment* durable item that *typically* will belong to student.
  - Instructional Supply consumable item that can be used for a course or activity.
  - Classroom or Student Supply Can be used for one or more course activity or at home. Commonly purchased and used. R277-407-3(7) or

UCA 53G-7-501(6)(b)(iv)(B) Included in fee definition.

Pencil Notebooks Basic Life-Style scissors Crayon Paper Classes Clothing (shorts & T-shirt)

\*Cannot charge for in elementary school (UCA 53G-7-503(2))

#### Non-Waivable -

- Personal discretionary charge or purchase
  - · Insurance unless required
  - College credit
  - Personal consumable items: yearbook, class ring letterman jacket
- Designated not a fee by code: (R277-407-2(12)
  - lost or damaged school equipment or supply (53G-7-501(6)(c))
  - School uniform
  - · School lunch



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

We will go into more detail with each of these definitions. Some these items are not Textbooks, you can charge fees and the fees are waivable. In addition, the Code specifically addresses non-waivable items.

Instructional Supply R277-407(2)(9) or UCA 53G-7-601(3)

R77-407(2)(20)(a) "Student supplies" means items which are the personal property of a student which, although used in the instructional process, are also commonly purchased and used by persons not enrolled in the class or activity in question and have a high probability of regular use in other than school-sponsored activities.

(b)"Student supplies" include: (i)pencils; (ii)paper; (iii)notebooks; (iv)crayons; (v)scissors; (vi)basic clothing for healthy lifestyle classes; and (vii)similar personal or consumable items over which a <u>student retains</u> <u>ownership</u>. (c) "**Student supplies**" does not include items listed in Subsection (20)(b) if the requirement from the school for the student supply includes specific requirements such as brand, color, or a special imprint in order to create a uniform appearance not related to basic function.

R277-407-3(7)A school may require a secondary student to provide student supplies, subject to the provisions of Section R277-407-8 (Fee Waivers).

# Rule Definitions vs Accounting Definitions

#### **Consumable = Supply**

 Header 600 Supplies & Materials - Amounts paid for items of an expendable nature that are consumed, worn out, or deteriorated in use;

#### **Durable= Equipment**

M 730 Equipment Code - items here that individually exceed the capitalization threshold established by the LEA. Examples include machinery such as lathes or drill presses or printing presses etc., school buses, non-bus vehicles, furniture, technology-related equipment and technology infrastructure such as network equipment, servers, and software used for educational or administrative purposes, etc.



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

You should always record the accounting transaction using the financial chart of accounts for the object code. However, the account coding criteria does not determine if the items can be funded or purchased with student school fees.

The concept of consumable or durable is not the first consideration when determining if it can be funded by school fees or not. The first consideration - are the goods or service defined as textbook or instructional material?

# Object Code 640+ - Books

TEXTBOOKS -although expended to 600 series GL accounts, they are not Instructional supplies.

Instructional Material

**NO** School Fees can be charged

M 640 Books - Expenditures for books, textbooks, and periodicals, whether in physical or electronic form, prescribed and available for general use by students, including any reference books. Includes workbooks or other organized systems or learning packages which constitute the instructional vehicle for a given course, subject, or grade level or a significant portion of a given course, subject, or grade level. This category also includes the cost of textbook binding or repairs, as well as textbooks which are purchased to be resold or rented. Includes expenditures for purchases of library books, whether in physical or electronic form, which are those books provided for enrichment, extension, or study in depth. They may be general or specialized in nature. These are books purchased for general use and not primarily for use in certain classes, grades, or other particular student groups. They include reference sets and dictionaries. Also recorded here are costs of binding or other repairs to school library books

- 641 Textbooks
- 642 e Textbooks
- 644 Library Books
- 650 M Technology Supplies -Includes supplies that are typically used in conjunction with technologyrelated hardware or software. Examples include CDs, flash or jump drives, cables, and monitor stands. Also
  includes E-readers, iPads, computers, etc. that individually costs less than either the amount established by
  an LEA as their capitalization threshold, or \$5,000, whichever is lower.
- M 670 Software This includes software purchases that are less than the LEAs established capitalization threshold, or \$5,000, whichever is lower.



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

No School Fees can be charged for textbooks.

#### UCA 53G-7-601(5):

- (a) "Textbook" means **instructional material** necessary for participation in an activity, course, or program, regardless of the format of the material.
- (b) "Textbook" includes:
  - (i) a hardcopy book or printed pages of instructional material, including a consumable workbook; or
  - (ii) computer hardware, software, or digital content.
- (c) "Textbook" **does not include** instructional equipment or instructional supplies.

600 Header for finance chart of accounts are Supplies – but not "instructional materials" because "instructional materials" meets the definition of textbooks.

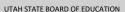
# **Instructional Equipment**

- means an activity-related, course related, or program-related tool or instrument that:
  - (i) is required for a student to use as part of an activity, course, or program in a secondary school;
  - (ii) typically becomes the property of the student upon exiting the activity, course, or program; and
  - (iii) is subject to a fee waiver.





53G-7-601(2)(a)



It doesn't matter if the student keeps it after the school year ends or not, devices are explicitly included in the definition of textbook and the LEA may not charge a fee for the laptop. For novels, sheet music, laptops or chrome books, if the student damages the novel, sheet music or device, the LEA may require the student to pay for the damage or for replacement of the item (just like a student would be required to pay the replacement cost of a lost library book).

In reference to the laptops, as a laptop is not tied to a specific course but is used for all classes and is specifically addressed under the definition of a textbook, it would be considered a textbook, regardless of whether the laptop becomes the property of the student, and no fee may be charged for one beginning with the 2022-2023 school year. This includes any digital device or "computer hardware" that is purchased for a student to access instructional material.

# Instructional Equipment includes:

- shears or styling tools;
- a band instrument;
- a camera;
- a stethoscope or
- sports equipment, including a bat, mitt, or tennis racquet.







Does not include school equipment.

R277-407-2(8)(b) & (c)



# School Equipment

• Means a durable school-owned machine, equipment, or tool used by a student as part of an activity, course, or program in a secondary school.

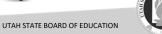
School Equipment includes a saw or 3D printer.







R277-407-2(18)



Cannot charge school fee for maintenance costs of school equipment. – Purchased for use by more than the "individual student".

# Object Code 730+ - Equipment

#### School Fees – Utah Code

NO School Fees
Textbook includes "computer hardware, software, or digital content" (see 53G-7-601(5))
and
for maintenance

These are not Instructional equipment.

of school equipment. (see 53G-7-602(3))

#### **Finance Chart of accounts**

- M 730 Equipment Code items here that individually exceed the
  capitalization threshold established by the LEA. Examples include
  machinery such as lathes or drill presses or printing presses etc., school
  buses, non-bus vehicles, furniture, technology-related equipment and
  technology infrastructure such as network equipment, servers, and
  software used for educational or administrative purposes, etc.
- 731 Machinery
- 732 School Buses
- 733 Furniture and Fixtures
- 734 Technology Related Hardware
- 735 Non-Bus Vehicles
- 736 Technology Software
- 739 Other Equipment



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

These accounting code items 730+ are not "Instructional equipment" because they are specifically called out in the section of code.

Per school fees definitions First part chart of Accounts – in blue - is school equipment – Cannot charge school fees for or to maintain.

The second ½ of definition highlighted in yellow is defined as textbook or "INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL" not "INSTRUCTIONAL EQUIPMENT"



Instructional Supply – can charge a fee and subject to fee waivers.

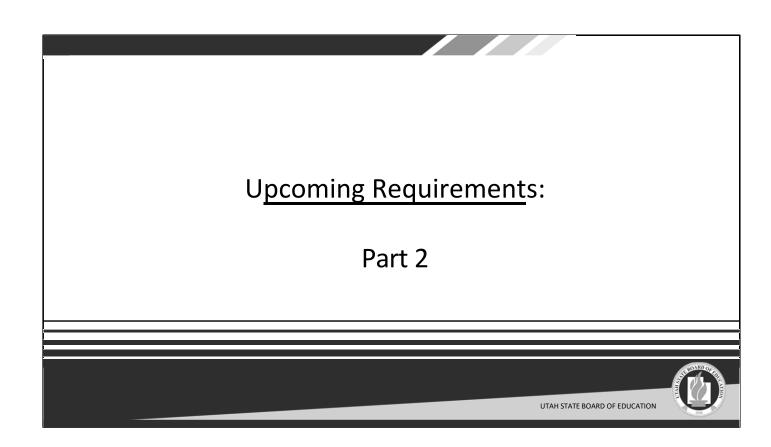
# **Current Questions**

- 1. If students are keeping their literary novels (since they are being annotated), does that fall within the definition of equipment or consumable supplies?
- 2. Can a deposit fee (refundable) be charged for technology devices?





- 1-No fees for literary novels they are considered instructional material
- 2 Yes a fully refundable deposit can be charged but \$ only kept for amount of loss or damage, not for maintenance. And cannot imped use by students. See document on website "Electronic Device Deposits".



### School Fees

Equal or Less than expense incurred

### UCA 53G-7-503(3)

- (a) Beginning with or after the 2022-2023 school year, if an LEA imposes a fee, the *fee shall be equal to or less* than the expense incurred by the LEA in providing for a student the activity, course, or program for which the LEA imposes the fee.
- (b) An LEA may not impose an additional fee or increase a fee to **supplant** or **subsidize** another fee.



# **School Fees Funding Uses**

• Student fees begin with the student as the basis and fees are paid per student as an identifiable individual transaction. Therefore, the costs funded by school fees should also be limited to the individual student participation.



# Funding Uses - continued

• Throughout the school fees regulations in Utah Code Annotated (UCA) 53G-7 Part 5 and R277-407 school fees are designated as singular (i.e., "a student" and "an activity"). Therefore, the school fees funds are restricted for a single student's participation in a single activity, course, or program; this <u>typically means items such as instructional supplies or instructional equipment a student needs to participate</u>, student travel expenses or student membership costs.



# Coordinating Spend Plan with Allowable Cost





53G-7-505(3)

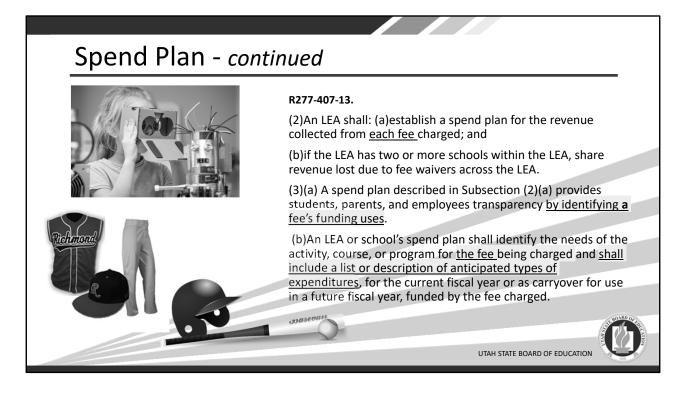
- (a) The fee schedule shall include the following:
  - (i) a specific amount for each fee on the fee schedule;
  - (ii) if a student is responsible for multiple fees related to one activity, class, or program, a clear and easy to understand delineation of each fee and the fee total for each activity, class, or program;
  - (iv) a corresponding spending plan for each fee.



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Earlier we discussed what is required in the Fee Schedules.

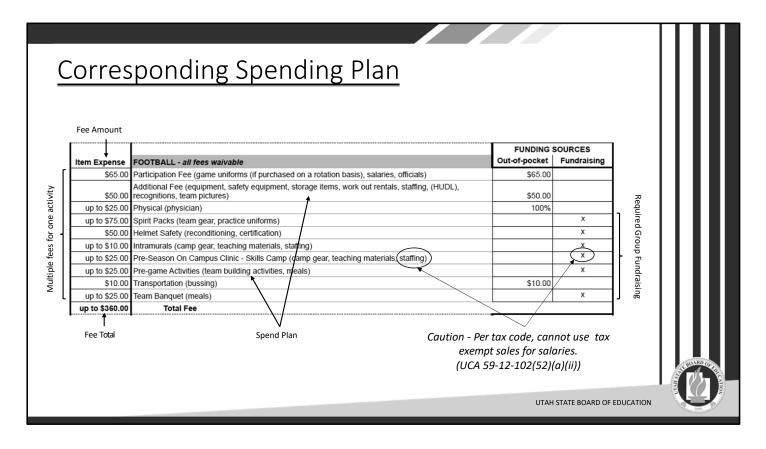




Earlier we discussed what is required in the Fee Schedules.

#### R277-407-13:

- (2)An LEA shall: (a)establish a spend plan for the revenue collected from each fee charged; **and** (b) if the LEA has two or more schools within the LEA, share revenue lost due to fee waivers across the LEA.
- (3)(a) A spend plan described in Subsection (2)(a) provides students, parents, and employees transparency by identifying a fee's funding uses.
- (b) An LEA or school's spend plan shall identify the needs of the activity, course, or program for the fee being charged and shall include a list or description of anticipated types of expenditures, for the current fiscal year or as carryover for use in a future fiscal year, funded by the fee charged.
- (4)(a) Financial inequities or disproportional impact of fee waivers may not fall inequitably on any one school within an LEA.
- (b) An LEA that has multiple schools shall establish a procedure to identify and address potential inequities due to the impact of the number of students who receive fee waivers within each of the LEA's schools.



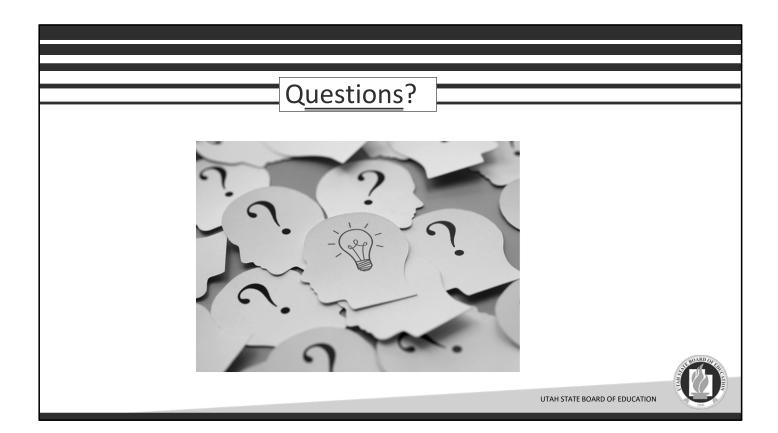
THE SPENDING PLAN DESCRIBES THE TYPE OF EXPENDITURE THE FEES CAN BE USED TO PURCHASE.

This is an excerpt from a fee schedule. You can see that they have listed the activity (Football), multiple fees (participation, spirit pack, team banquet), each fee also has the spend plan-list of anticipated expenditures. And the fee total (up to \$360).

They've also identified the funding sources: parent out-of-pocket and the items expected to be covered by required group fundraising.

The parent can see that the fee for football would be \$150 (\$65 participation, \$50 additional fee, \$25 physical, \$10 transportation) plus the requirement to participate in the group fundraiser. SEE the FUNDRAISING Guidance document on the website.

Full transparency is the goal.





### **Review Schedule**

### 5-year review cycle

- Enrollment > 10K
- Visit LEA
  - Administration of school fees
- Visit 5 % of schools
  - Minimum of 2 schools
    - 1 Elementary & 1 Secondary
  - Remaining Secondary

### 10-year review cycle

- Enrollment < 10K</li>
- Visit LEA
  - · Administration of school fees
- 1 school visit



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

LEA's with enrollment greater than 10,000 will receive an on-site review once every 5 years. The visit will consist of an on-site visit at the LEA for administrative functions and visiting 5 % of the schools, minimum of 2 schools 1 elementary and 1 secondary. With the remaining school visits at secondary schools if the 5% = 3 or more.

LEA's with enrollment less than 10,000 will receive an on-site review once every 10 years.

Visits will consist of an on-site visit at the LEA for administrative functions and 1 school, unless the LEA and school operate as one.

School sites will be determined by the responses on the certificate of compliance survey.

	School Fees Risk Assessment  LEA Name  SY: 20xx			
Annual Risk Assessment	Range	School Fees Overall Risk A  > 5 = High Risk  2.5 to 5 = Moderate Risk  0 to 2.49 = Low Risk	Assessment Score Your Overall Risk is	8.8
	State Average Cost per Student : \$258 1 point assessed if LEA average cost p	LEA's Average Cost Per Student: \$ ser student is greater than the state	392	Points Assessed for Specific Risk 1
<ul> <li>Overall risk score greater than</li> <li>5, LEA will receive an additional</li> </ul>	3 points assessed if the LEA's estimated eligible students NOT participating in school fee waivers is 45% or higher.			3
<ul> <li>on-site review.</li> <li>LEA Average Cost per Student</li> <li>LEAs % Eligible Student NOT</li> </ul>	School Fee - Calls  Calls received by the School Fees Team f  > 5 complaints = 5 points  3-5 complaints = 3 points  1-2 complaints = 1 points  0 complaints = 0 points	rom Parents/Guardians		1
<ul><li>Participating</li><li>Calls from Parents/Guardians</li><li>Certificate of Compliance</li></ul>	Certificate of Compliance Responses: Superintendent and Board Chair  1 point assessed for each "No" response for higher risk compliance questions from Superintendent and Board Chair			0
Responses  • Exception - LEA on-site review is scheduled	Certificate of Compliance Responses: Pri Count of Principals that answered "Ye ~ See Compliance report for specific .2 points assessed for each "No" resp from school principals	es" their school charges school fees: school responses.		3.8

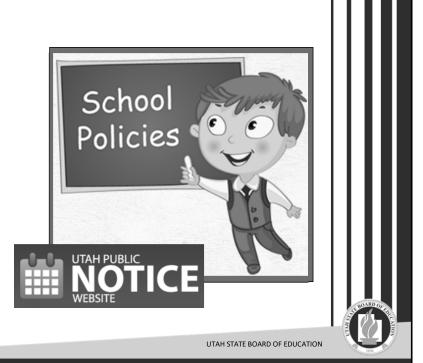
Annually we conduct a risk assessment. Each LEA is given an overall score based on:

- Average cost per student greater than the state average
- % of estimated eligible student not participating > 45%
- Calls received from parents
- Certificate of compliance response to the 5 questions that were determined to have the most significant risk to students.

Those LEAs that receive a risk score greater than 5 will receive an additional on-site review. The exception is if the LEA is already scheduled for an on-site.

### **Areas Reviewed**

- School Fee Policies
- Fee Schedule w/Spend Plan
- Fee Schedule/Policies Approval
  - Public meeting notices
- Parental Notice
  - · Public meetings
  - Registration Materials
- Publicly available on LEA and school website



Prior to coming on site we will review the school fee policies to ensure they contain the required components. The fee schedule is easily found on the LEA and schools website, and that it is publicly available.

We will be verifying that the fee policies and fee schedule were submitted with the Certificate of Compliance, properly noticed per the Open and Public Meetings Act, 2 public meetings for public comment were held, and it contains the requirements set forth in Code and rule. Approved by April 1.

Parents are given notice of the public meetings via normal channels for school information. i.e. email, text, etc.

School fee documents are included in the registration materials

If this can't be done before hand we will be reviewing the documents on site.

### Areas Reviewed - continued



Elementary School Fees



Administration of School Fees



Accounting Process



Camps and Clinics



Annual Staff Training



UTAH STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

#### **Elementary School**

- School Supply list contains the appropriate language
- No fees are charged for activities during the regular school day
- Activities outside the regular school day are included on the approved fee schedule.
  - Does not affect a students grade or ability to participate in any course taught during the regular school day.

#### Administration of School Fees

- All fees are listed on the fee schedule and are subject to fee waivers
- Appointed school level administration discuss fee waiver process, denial, appeals, confidentiality.
- Extenuating circumstances

#### **Accounting Process**

Review the accounting process for school fees

#### **Camps and Clinics**

• Private but public education related. Ensure they are promoted as non-school sponsored otherwise school fee statute and rule apply.

#### **Annual Staff Training**

• Review training material/presentation and who attended. How new hires are trained.



