

Core Content

Cluster Title: Reason with shapes and their attributes.

Standard 1: Distinguish between defining attributes (e.g., triangles are closed and three-sided) versus non-defining attributes (e.g., color, orientation, overall size); build and draw shapes to possess defining attributes.

MASTERY Patterns of Reasoning:

Conceptual:

Students will understand the definition of an attribute.

Students will understand that the defining attributes of shapes include number of sides, number of angles, etc.

Students will understand that non-defining attributes of shapes include color, overall size, orientation, etc.

Procedural:

Students can identify and describe the defining attributes of triangles, circles, rectangles, trapezoids, etc.

Students can sort shapes by common non-defining attributes.

Students can sort shapes by a common defining attribute.

Students can list and explain the defining attributes of each shape.

Representational:

Students can draw, build, and find shapes that possess defining attributes.

Supports for Teachers

Critical Background Knowledge

Conceptual:

Students will understand that shapes have specific names regardless of size or orientation.

Procedural:

Students can describe, compare, name and analyze basic shapes in different sizes and orientations.

Students can build and draw shapes

Representational:

Students can build and draw shapes using manipulatives.

Students can compose larger shapes using simple shapes.

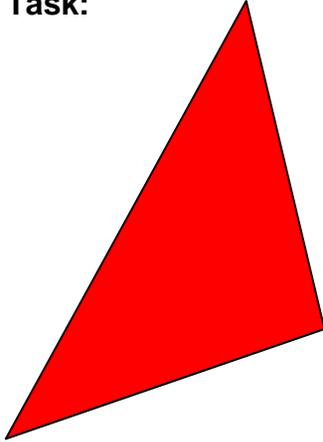
Academic Vocabulary and Notation

attribute, defining attribute, non-defining attribute, triangle, rectangle, square, half-circle, quarter-circle, trapezoid, closed figure

Instructional Strategies Used	Resources Used
<p>Pattern or attribute blocks can be used to model defining attributes for shapes.</p> <p>Ask students to create their own rule for sorting shapes.</p> <p>Have students share sorting rules with classmates and provide examples that support their rules.</p> <p>Classmates draw a new shape that fits a sorting rule after it is shared.</p> <p>Compose shapes that possess defining attributes using a number of different methods (e.g., Geoboards, clay, strings, sticks, pattern blocks, tangram pieces, etc.).</p> <p>Students choose a shape and describe it to classmates using appropriate terminology (e.g., square: 4 equal sides, 4 angles).</p>	<p>NLVM Pre-K-2—Number & Operations Manipulatives http://nlvm.usu.edu/en/nav/category_g_1_t_1.html</p> <p>Smartboard applications keyword attributes</p> <p>Teaching Ideas—Maths—2-D Shapes http://www.teachingideas.co.uk/maths/contents_shape.htm</p> <p>Pallotta, Jerry. <i>Icky Bug Shapes</i>. Scholastic, Inc., 2004.</p> <p>Allen, Nancy Kelly. <i>What Is an Attribute? (Little World Math)</i>. Rourke Publishing, 2010.</p>

Assessment Tasks Used

Skill-Based Task:



Name this shape: _____

Circle all of the defining attributes.

- red 3 angles large 3 sides open
- 4 sides small 5 angles closed

Problem Task:

Draw a group of shapes with the same defining attributes.

Justify your choices.
